JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE



REPORT TO THE 2007 SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

A LIMITED NUMBER OF COPIES OF THIS REPORT IS AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION THROUGH THE LEGISLATIVE LIBRARY.

ROOMS 2126, 2226 STATE LEGISLATIVE BUILDING RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27611 TELEPHONE: (919) 733-7778

OR

ROOM 500 LEGISLATIVE OFFICE BUILDING RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27603-5925 TELEPHONE: (919) 733-9390

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LETTER OF TRANSMITTALi
COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP ii
ARTICLE 12H OF CHAPTER 120 OF GENERAL STATUTESiv
COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS
SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE MEETINGS 4
UPDATE ON RECOMMENDATIONS FROM 2006 INTERIM REPORT
APPENDIX 2006 INTERIM REPORT1

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE



January 17, 2007

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE 2007 SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

Attached for your consideration is the report to the 2007 Session of the General Assembly. This report was prepared by the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee pursuant to G.S. 120-70.81.

Res	Respectfully submitted,	
Senator A.B. Swindell Cochair	Representative Douglas Yongue Cochair	

JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE 2005-2007

COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

Senator A.B. Swindell, Co-Chair P.O. Box 788 Nashville, NC 27856 (252) 462-0190

Senator Tom Apodaca 214 North King Street Hendersonville, NC 28792 (919) 696-0500

Senator Robert C. Atwater 2089 Farrington Point Road Chapel Hill, NC 27517 (919) 933-3937

Senator Janet Cowell 230 Grand Avenue Raleigh, NC 27606 (919) 858-5337

Senator Charlie Dannelly Legislative Building, Room 2010 Raleigh, NC 27601 (919) 733-5955

Senator John Garwood 453 Mark Lane North Wilkesboro, NC 28659 (336) 838-5378

Senator Kay Hagan Legislative Office Building, Room 411 Raleigh, NC 27603 (919) 733-5856

Senator Fletcher Hartsell P.O. Box 368 Concord, NC 28026 (704) 786-5161

Senator Jeanne H. Lucas P.O. Box 3366 Durham, NC 27702 (919) 733-4599 Representative Douglas Yates Yongue, Co-Chair 604 Prince Street Laurinburg, NC 28352 (910) 276-1727

Representative Larry M. Bell 908 Southwest Blvd. Clinton, NC 28328 (910) 592-1177

Rep. Rick Glazier 2642 Old Colony Place Fayetteville, NC 28303 (910) 484-4168

Representative Robert Grady 107 Jean Circle Jacksonville, NC 28540 (910) 455-9359

Representative Verla C. Insko 610 Surry Road Chapel Hill, NC 27514 (919) 929-6115

Representative Margaret Moore Jeffus 1801 Rolling Road Greensboro, NC 27403 (336) 275-4762

Representative Marian N. McLawhorn P.O. Box 399 Grifton, NC 28530 (252) 524-3113

Representative Louis M. Pate, Jr. P.O. Box 945 Mount Olive, NC 28365 (919) 658-3637

Representative John Sauls 5127 Robin Roost Sanford, NC 27332 (919) 499-0282 Senator Vernon Malone 2124 Lyndhurst Drive Raleigh, NC 27610 (919) 828-5853

Senator Martin Nesbitt 29 N. Market Street, 7th Floor Asheville, NC 28801 (828) 252-0490 Representative Joe P. Tolson P.O. Box 1038 Pinetops, NC 27864 (252) 827-2749

Representative Edith D. Warren P.O. Box 448 Farmville, NC 27828 (252) 753-4198

Advisory Members

Senator Katie Dorsett 1000 N. English Street Greensboro, NC 27407 (336) 275-0628

Senator Richard Y. Stevens 132 Lochwood West Drive Cary, NC 27511 (919) 851-1177 Representative Becky Carney P.O. Box 32873 Charlotte, NC 28232 (919) 733-5827

Representative Marvin W. Lucas 3318 Hedgemoor Circle Spring Lake, NC 28390 (910) 497-2733

Representative Jean Preston 211 Pompano Drive Emerald Isle, NC 28594 (252) 354-6993

COMMITTEE STAFF

Shirley Iorio Sara Kamprath Drupti Chauhan Dee Atkinson

Mo Hudson, Committee Assistant Katie Stanley, Committee Assistant

ARTICLE 12H. Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee.

§ 120-70.80. Creation and membership of Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee.

The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee is established. The Committee consists of 22 members as follows:

- (1) Eleven members of the Senate appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, at least two of whom are members of the minority party; and
- (2) Eleven members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, at least three of whom are members of the minority party.

Terms on the Committee are for two years and begin on the convening of the General Assembly in each odd-numbered year. Members may complete a term of service on the Committee even if they do not seek reelection or are not reelected to the General Assembly, but resignation or removal from service in the General Assembly constitutes resignation or removal from service on the Committee.

A member continues to serve until his successor is appointed. A vacancy shall be filled within 30 days by the officer who made the original appointment.

§ 120-70.81. Purpose and powers of Committee.

- (a) The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee shall examine, on a continuing basis, the several educational institutions in North Carolina, in order to make ongoing recommendations to the General Assembly on ways to improve public education from kindergarten through higher education. In this examination, the Committee shall:
 - (1) Study the budgets, programs, and policies of the Department of Public Instruction, the State Board of Education, the Department of Community Colleges, the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, and the constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina to determine ways in which the General Assembly may encourage the improvement of all education provided to North Carolinians and may aid in the development of more integrated methods of institutional accountability;
 - (2) Examine, in particular, the Basic Education Plan and the School Improvement and Accountability Act of 1989, to determine whether changes need to be built into the plans, whether implementation schedules need to be restructured, and how to manage the ongoing development of the policies underlying these legislative plans, including a determination of whether there is a need for the legislature to develop ongoing funding patterns for these plans;
 - (3) Study other states' educational initiatives in public schools, community colleges, and public universities, in order to provide an ongoing commentary to the General Assembly on these initiatives and to make

- recommendations for implementing similar initiatives in North Carolina; and
- (4) Study any other educational matters that the Committee considers necessary to fulfill its mandate.
- (b) The Committee may make interim reports to the General Assembly on matters for which it may report to a regular session of the General Assembly. A report to the General Assembly may contain any legislation needed to implement a recommendation of the Committee.

§ 120-70.82. Organization of Committee.

- (a) The President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each designate a cochair of the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee. The Committee shall meet at least once a quarter and may meet at other times upon the joint call of the cochairs.
- (b) A quorum of the Committee is 10 members. No action may be taken except by a majority vote at a meeting at which a quorum is present. While in the discharge of its official duties, the Committee has the powers of a joint committee under G.S. 120-19 and G.S. 120-19.1 through G.S. 120-19.4.
- (c) Members of the Committee receive subsistence and travel expenses as provided in G.S. 120-3.1. The Committee may contract for consultants or hire employees in accordance with G.S. 120-32.02. The Legislative Services Commission, through the Legislative Services Officer, shall assign professional staff to assist the Committee in its work. Upon the direction of the Legislative Services Commission, the Supervisors of Clerks of the Senate and of the House of Representatives shall assign clerical staff to the Committee. The expenses for clerical employees shall be borne by the Committee.

§ 120-70.83. Additional powers.

The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee, while in discharge of official duties, shall have access to any paper or document, and may compel the attendance of any State official or employee before the Committee or secure any evidence under G.S. 120.19. In addition, G.S. 120-19.1 through G.S. 120-19.4 shall apply to the proceedings of the Committee as if it were a joint committee of the General Assembly.

§§ 120-70.84 through 120-70.89: Reserved for future codification purposes.

COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee held 7 meetings.

October 10, 2006

2006 Education Legislation Update

Shirley Iorio, Committee Analyst

Review of Education Oversight Studies for 2007 Session

Shirley Iorio, Committee Analyst

Late Release of End of Grade Math Scores

Dr. Lou Fabrizio, Director, Accountability Services, Department of Public Instruction

Math and Science Teacher Salary Supplement

Philip Price, Associate Superintendent, Financial and Business Services, Department of Public Instruction

NC Wise Status Report

Peter Asmar, Associate Superintendent/Chief Information Officer, Department of Public Instruction

Leandro Update

Drupti Chauhan, Committee Counsel

"Turn Around Plan" for Low-Performing High Schools

Dr. Pat Ashley, Director of High School Improvement, Department of Public Instruction

Disadvantaged Student Supplemental Funding (DSSF) Update

Adam Levinson, Fiscal Research Division

Report on DSSF

DSSF Pilot Status Update

Evaluations of DSSF Funding Initiatives

Dr. Elsie Leak, Associate Superintendent, Curriculum and School Reform Services, Department of Public Instruction

LEA Assistance Program Report

Dr. Elsie Leak, Associate Superintendent, Curriculum and School Reform Services, Department of Public Instruction

October 11, 2006

New Calendar Law (HB 1464) Effects/Problems

Leanne Winner, Director of Governmental Relations, NC School Boards Association Greg Killingsworth, Principal, Lumberton Senior High School, Robeson County

Martin Lancaster, President, North Carolina Community College System Dr. Joseph T. Barwick, President, Carteret Community College

Cooperative Endeavors between UNC and the NC Community College System for Teacher Preparation/2+2 E-Learning Initiative

Dr. Alan Mabe, Vice President for Academic Planning, UNC General Administration

Dr. Delores Parker, Vice President for Academic and Student Services, NC Community College System

Study of the Mission and Program Needs of the UNC and the NC Community College System (Pappas Consulting Report)

Dr. Harold L. Martin, Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs, UNC General Administration Kennon Briggs, Vice President for Business and Finance, NC Community College System

Status of the Program of Study for Lateral Entry Teachers Offered by the NC Community College System

Martin Lancaster, President, North Carolina Community College System Dr. Alan Mabe, Vice President for Academic Planning, UNC General Administration Howard Lee, Chairman, North Carolina State Board of Education

November 14, 2006

Report on Program for a Statewide Permit for Commercial Bus Companies that Transport to School-Sponsored Events

Derek Graham, Section Chief, Transportation Services, Department of Public Instruction

Evaluation of Student Success in Cooperative Innovative Education Programs

Geoff Coltrane, Research and Communications Director, North Carolina New Schools Project Joseph Garcia, Vice President, Advocacy and Communications, North Carolina New Schools Project Ken Whitehurst, Associate Vice President for Academic and Student Services, NC Community College System Office

Raising Compulsory Attendance Age

Kathy Christie, Vice President, Knowledge Management & ECS Clearinghouse Education Commission of the States

NC WISE - IN THE SCHOOLS

Peter Asmar, Associate Superintendent/Chief Information Officer, Department of Public Instruction NC WISE Steering Committee

Thomas Williams, Superintendent, Granville County Schools Robert Logan, Superintendent, Asheville City Schools Bev White, Chief Technology Officer, Wake County Public Schools

Sales Tax Refund

Adam Levinson, Fiscal Analyst, Fiscal Research Division

Leanne Winner, Director of Governmental Relations, NC School Boards Association Clifton Dodson, Superintendent, Buncombe County Public Schools

November 15, 2006

Turnover Rates – Teachers, Principals, Superintendents

Dr. Kathy Sullivan, Director, Human Resource Management/Quality Professionals, NC Department of Public Instruction

6.5% Tuition Cap Plan—The University of North Carolina

Erskine Bowles, President, The University of North Carolina

Recruiting and Retaining Math Teachers—Guilford County Schools and Action Greensboro Pilot Program

Ed Uprichard, Provost, UNC-Greensboro Terry Grier, Superintendent, Guilford County Schools Jim Melvin, President, Joseph M. Bryan Foundation

December 4, 2006

Legislative Tuition Grants

Hope Williams, President

North Carolina Independent Colleges and Universities

North Carolina Community College System BioNetwork Report

Dr. Larry Keen, Vice-President for Economic and Workforce Development North Carolina Community College System

What's Good about NC Public Schools: A Superintendent's Perspective

Dr. Shirley Prince, Superintendent, Scotland County Schools

Kindergarten Entrance Cut-off Age

Representative Dale Folwell

December 5, 2006

Teacher Working Conditions Survey

Eric Hirsch, Executive Director, Center for Teaching Quality

Highlighted Programs

Project Enlightenment

Cynthia Chamblee, Director

Mary Ashe, Program Manager, Early Reading First Federal Grant

AVID (Advancement Via Individual Determination)

Jim Nelson, Executive Director, AVID Center

Cheryll Gaffney, National Associate Director for Divisions, AVID Center

Small Specialty High Schools Pilot Program Report

Dr. Rebecca Garland, Executive Director, State Board of Education

January 17, 2007

Perspective on North Carolina Public Schools

Dr. Meghan Doyle, NC Principal of the Year

Diana Beasley, NC Teacher of the Year

A High School Perspective

Dr. Noah V. Rogers, Principal

Ben L. Smith High School, Guilford County Schools

Draft Report

Shirley Iorio, Committee Staff

SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE MEETINGS

October 10, 2006 Meeting

Dr. Shirley Iorio, Committee Analyst, presented a list of legislation addressing education issues passed during the 2006 session. She also reviewed the 2006 reports and studies due to Education Oversight.

Dr. Lou Fabrizio, Director of Accountability Services with the Department of Public Instruction, spoke on the reasons for the delayed release of End of Grade math scores and was urged by the committee to meet the November deadline and update members as to the results.

Dr. Philip Price, Associate Superintendent of Financial and Business Services with the Department of Public Instruction, presented information on the Math and Science Teacher Salary Supplement pilot program and the counties selected to participate.

Peter Asmar, Associate Superintendent/Chief Information Officer of the Department of Public Instruction, presented the NC Wise Status Report. Mr. Asmer discussed current status under the Wave 2 Plan, projections for Wave 3, and reviewed both strengths and areas of needed improvement of the program.

Drupti Chauhan, Committee Counsel, next provided a *Leandro* Update. She advised that the State Board had been placed on notice regarding 44 low-performing high schools, and that DPI had presented specific plans to address the low-performing schools. She also explained that 5 of the 6 urban districts involved in the lawsuit had voluntarily dismissed their claims.

Dr. Pat Ashley, Director of High School Improvement with the Department of Public Instruction, spoke on the "Turn Around Plan" for Low-Performing High Schools. She explained that DPI had developed turnaround plans to assist the schools, the plans were currently on-going, and re-evaluation of the schools would be occurring in the fall and early winter.

Adam Levinson, Fiscal Research Division, updated the Committee on the Disadvantaged Student Supplemental Funding (DSSF). He reviewed the history of the allotment and the specifics of the funding formula.

Dr. Gary Henry, Faculty Member of the UNC School of Education and team leader of the Evaluations of DSSF Initiatives, updated the Committee on the focus on academically disadvantaged students and future areas of assessment.

Dr. Elsie Leak, Associate Superintendent of Curriculum and School Reform Services with the Department of Public Instruction, also spoke on DSSF, reporting that the DSSF pilot program had concluded, but that DPI continued to work with the 16 *Leandro* districts. She also spoke about the program's strengths and challenges.

October 11, 2006 Meeting

Leanne Winner, Director of Governmental Relations for the NC School Boards Association, spoke on the effects and problems of the New Calendar Law (HB 1464), and provided information obtained from polling school superintendents across the state.

After some discussion by the committee, Greg Killingsworth, Principal of Lumberton Senior High School in Robeson County, also spoke on the new calendar law and shared examples of how the schedule change had negatively impacted students in his school.

Dr. Joseph T. Barwick, President of Carteret Community College, also spoke on the new calendar law. He urged that a study of the economic impact on the tourism industry be conducted before making changes.

He also suggested that the calendars of DPI, the community college system, and the UNC system should be aligned, and highlighted problems caused by the varied schedules.

Martin Lancaster, President of the North Carolina Community College System, spoke next on the calendar issue. He stated that the community college system believed that completion of the fall semester prior to Christmas break was educationally sound. He reported that community colleges were attempting to be flexible with scheduling dual enrollment students, and suggested that further study on this issue was needed.

Dr. Alan Mabe, Vice President for Academic Planning for the UNC General Administration, presented next on cooperative endeavors between the UNC and Community College Systems. Dr. Mabe discussed the development of several on-line degree programs in high-need areas, initially focusing on teacher education.

Dr. Delores Parker, Vice President for Academic and Student Services of the NC Community College System, spoke next on the 2+2 Learning Initiative. She provided information on the number of students participating in the program and the four components of the project.

Dr. Harold L. Martin, Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs of the UNC General Administration, presented the Pappas Consulting Report, a study of the mission and program needs of the UNC and Community College Systems. Dr. Martin discussed the commitment to cooperation between the two entities, implementation by the UNC and Community College System of key recommendations, and highlighted each of the seven areas outlined in the report.

Kennon Briggs, Vice President for Business and Finance of the NC Community College System, also spoke on this topic, focusing on the collaboration between the UNC and Community College Systems. He also spoke on new program start-ups and future facility plans, and identified future funding needs.

Martin Lancaster, President of the North Carolina Community College System, spoke on the status of the program of study for lateral entry teachers offered by the Community College System. He discussed the number of community colleges involved and particular challenges for military personnel in taking advantage of the program.

Dr. Alan Mabe, Vice President for Academic Planning of the UNC General Administration, spoke regarding the UNC System collaboration with independent colleges and universities in identifying on-line courses for lateral entry teacher preparation.

Howard Lee, Chairman of the North Carolina State Board of Education, spoke on the excellent working relationship between the UNC System, Community College System, State Board and DPI.

November 14, 2006 Meeting

Derek Graham, Section Chief of Transportation Services for the Department of Public Instruction, presented a report on the implementation of recent legislation regarding school-sponsored travel. Mr. Graham discussed the development of permit policies for local activity buses, as well as the ongoing development of a statewide permit for commercial bus companies that transport to school-sponsored events.

Geoff Coltrane, Research and Communications Director of the North Carolina New Schools Project, spoke next on the work of the New Schools Project, highlighting the goals of the project and current progress in developing both Learn and Earn and redesigned high schools.

Ken Whitehurst, Associate Vice President for Academic and Student Services of the NC Community College System Office, also spoke on this topic, discussing the role of the community college system in innovative high school programs and presenting information on funding and facilities needs due to enrollment growth.

Kathy Christie, Vice President of the Knowledge Management & ECS Clearinghouse for the Education Commission of the States, spoke next on raising the compulsory attendance age, discussing historical trends, pros and cons, and alternatives.

Peter Asmar, Associate Superintendent/Chief Information Officer of the Department of Public Instruction, next introduced two members of the NC WISE Steering Committee, Thomas Williams, Superintendent of Granville County Schools, and Robert Logan, Superintendent of Asheville City Schools to speak on NC WISE. Superintendent Williams discussed the Wave II implementation of NC WISE in Granville County and noted areas of needed improvement. Superintendent Logan spoke on the Wave I implementation of NC WISE in Asheville City Schools, and also noted specific concerns.

Bev White, Chief Technology Officer for Wake County Public Schools, also spoke on this topic, discussing Wake County's efforts in using and maintaining the NC WISE application. She also spoke on the challenges facing that system.

Adam Levinson, Fiscal Analyst with the Fiscal Research Division, spoke next on refunding sales taxes to LEAs. He provided legislative history on the sales tax refund to public schools, and presented information on arguments to bring back the refund, as well as costs associated with it.

Leanne Winner, Director of Governmental Relations with the NC School Boards Association, spoke next on this issue. She indicated the NCSBA's support of the sales tax exemption. Clifton Dodson, Superintendent of the Buncombe County Public Schools, also spoke on this issue, discussing increased costs due to the loss of the exemption.

November 15, 2006 Meeting

Dr. Kathy Sullivan, Director of Human Resource Management/Quality Professionals with the NC Department of Public Instruction, presented on turnover rates for teachers, principals, and superintendents. She discussed current turnover rates and reasons given for turnover, as well as comparisons to other states and professions.

Erskine Bowles, President of The University of North Carolina, spoke on the 6.5% Tuition Cap Plan. He discussed the reasons for the cap, and detailed the development of the funding formula.

Ed Uprichard, Provost of UNC-Greensboro, spoke on the Guilford County Schools and Action Greensboro Pilot Program for recruiting and retaining math teachers. Terry Grier, Superintendent of Guilford County Schools, also spoke on the salary plan to encourage math teachers to teach in Guilford County Schools. Jim Melvin, President of the Joseph M. Bryan Foundation, also spoke regarding the Foundation's role in assisting with financing the program.

December 4, 2006 meeting

Hope Williams, President of North Carolina Independent Colleges and Universities, spoke on Legislative tuition grants, and suggested a policy change to permit eligibility of part-time students for these grants. She discussed the cost for the change and support of the Economic Development Board for this expansion.

Dr. Larry Keen, Vice-President for Economic and Workforce Development of the North Carolina Community College System, spoke on the North Carolina Community College System BioNetwork initiative. He presented a report and reviewed data on growth in the workforce development area covering the two previous years.

Dr. Shirley Prince, Superintendent of Scotland County Schools and NC Superintendent of the Year, spoke next on the topic, "What's Good about NC Public Schools: A Superintendent's Perspective." She praised the leadership, accountability and commitment to education within the state.

Representative Dale Folwell spoke on the kindergarten entrance cut-off age, recommending that August 31st be established as the cut-off age for five-year-olds to enroll. He indicated that he would introduce legislation on this matter and requested the committee include the recommendation in its report.

December 5, 2006 Meeting

Eric Hirsch, Executive Director of the Center for Teaching Quality, reported on the Teacher Working Conditions Survey. He presented information on the statistics available in the interim report and indicated that the final report would be completed in 2007.

Ann McArthur, Teacher Advisor with the Governor's Office, spoke next and discussed redesigns of the evaluation instruments for school administrators.

Cynthia Chamblee, Director of Project Enlightenment, gave an overview of the Project programs and funding from federal grants. Mary Ashe, Program Manager for the Literacy Connection, spoke on Early Reading First, an early literacy reading development program that was part of the Project, and discussed future plans to create a network of early literacy leaders.

Jim Nelson, Executive Director of the AVID Center, and Cheryl Gaffney, Associate Director for National Programs of the AVID Center, spoke next on AVID (Advancement Via Individual Determination). Mr. Nelson discussed the program's history, mission statement, and success in North Carolina.

Dr. Rebecca Garland, Executive Director of the State Board of Education, presented a report on the Small Specialty High Schools Pilot Program. Dr. Garland discussed the goals of the schools, funding issues, and instructional support. She noted that although data was limited, the schools had shown improvements in student achievement.

January 17, 2007 Meeting

Dr. Meghan Doyle, principal at Hunter's Creek Middle School, spoke on her experience as NC Principal of the Year. She discussed successes in North Carolina education, characteristics of effective teachers, and current challenges, including the dropout rate and teacher retention.

Diana Beasley, NC Teacher of the Year, spoke next. She highlighted the importance of the NC Center for the Advancement of Teaching, thanked the committee for their support of salary increases for teachers, encouraged consideration of increased funding in other areas, and recommended reconsideration of the school calendar.

Dr. Noah V. Rogers, Principal of Ben L. Smith High School in Guilford County, next spoke concerning the turnaround in his high school, previously listed as a low-performing school. He discussed community cooperation and support and other incentives that were integral to accomplishing this change.

Shirley Iorio, Committee Staff, presented an overview of the draft report to the committee, and the report was adopted.

Update on Recommendations from the 2006 Interim Report

Teacher Retention and Recruitment

In order to improve teacher retention and recruitment, the Committee recommended that the Future Teachers of North Carolina Loan Fund be amended by adding fifty scholarship loans for students who agree to become certified in math or science and teach full-time in the subject area in a North Carolina public school for three years within five years of graduation. An additional \$325,000 was appropriated by the General Assembly to expand the program by fifty scholarships. Also, \$1,000,000 was provided for an additional 400 Prospective Teacher Scholarship Loans with priority given to students seeking teacher licensure in middle and high school mathematics and science as well as students participating in a 2+2 teacher education program between the constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina and the North Carolina Community College System. The 2006 Appropriations Act also provided funds for a salary supplement pilot to be developed by the State Board of Education. Funds were appropriated so that three pilot local school systems can provide a salary supplement of \$15,000 for up to 10 newly hired math and/or science teachers at the middle and/or high school level. Senate Bill 1617 and House Bill 2234 were introduced to expand the North Carolina Teaching Fellows Program but neither bill was enacted.

Retirees Returning to Work

House Bill 1910 and Senate Bill 1474 were introduced to propose changes to the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System to affect retirees who return to work. Neither bill was enacted.

Mathematics and Science Teacher Preparation Programs

The Committee recommended legislation to encourage the University of North Carolina to direct the constituent institutions to redesign their mathematics and science teacher preparation programs. House Bill 1926 and Senate Bill 1477 were introduced but neither bill was enacted.

Legislative Tuition and State Contractual Grants for Teaching and Nursing Students

The Committee recommended legislation to expand the Legislative Tuition Grants and State Contractual Scholarship Grant Funds to include part-time and full-time students who have bachelor's degrees and have returned to college to obtain licensure in teaching and nursing. The provisions were placed in the 2006 Appropriations Act and were enacted. The House Select Committee on Healthcare recommended the creation of a Graduate Nurse Scholarship Program for Faculty Production. That provision was placed in the 2006 Appropriations Act and provides \$15,000 per year for up to two years for master's candidates in nursing education and up to three years for doctoral candidates. There was also an increase in the amount of the scholarship loan for the Nursing Scholars Program from \$5,000 to \$6,500.

Low-Wealth Supplemental Funding

The Committee recommended that increased funding be provided for low-wealth counties. The 2006 General Assembly fully funded the low-wealth supplemental funding allotment by increasing the appropriation to \$41,893, 391.

Disadvantaged Student Supplemental Fund

The Committee supported the continued funding and expansion of the Disadvantaged Student Supplemental Fund. The 2006 Appropriations Act provided for an increased allocation of \$27,002,670 for the Fund. In addition, the Committee found that accountability for the Fund should be a priority. \$500,000 was appropriated by the General Assembly to provide additional funds to support comprehensive evaluation of: (i) the extent to which local school systems use disadvantaged student and low-wealth supplemental allotments to improve outcomes for students at-risk of school failure, and (ii) the extent to which the Department of Public Instruction supports the local school systems in using disadvantaged student supplemental funds and other supplemental allotments efficiently and effectively.

• Technology and Global Education

The Committee supported the expansion and upgrading of school technology initiatives. \$6,000,000 was appropriated to provide funds to upgrade public school connectivity and revise School Technology Plans. House Bill 1909 and Senate Bill 1398 were recommended by the Committee to appropriate funds to develop and implement pilot programs to provide instruction in foreign languages that are not currently taught in the public schools. Neither bill was enacted.

Communities in Schools

The Committee encouraged the General Assembly to provide continued funding for Communities in Schools. \$1,000,000 was appropriated to Communities in Schools.

Appendix

JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE



REPORT TO THE 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE 2005 GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

A LIMITED NUMBER OF COPIES OF THIS REPORT IS AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION THROUGH THE LEGISLATIVE LIBRARY.

ROOMS 2126, 2226 STATE LEGISLATIVE BUILDING RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27611 TELEPHONE: (919) 733-7778

OR

ROOM 500 LEGISLATIVE OFFICE BUILDING RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27603-5925 TELEPHONE: (919) 733-9390

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL	i
COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP	ii
COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS	1
COMMITTEE FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	6
ARTICLE 12H OF CHAPTER 120 OF GENERAL STATUTES	11
LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL I – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE FUTURE TEACHERS OF NORTH CAROLINA SCHOLARSHIP LOAN FUND BY ADDING FIFTY SCHOLARSHIP LOANS FOR STUDENTS WHO AGREE TO BECOME CERTIFIED IN MATH OR SCIENCE, TEACH FULL-TIME IN THAT AREA IN A NORTH CAROLINA PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR THREE YEARS WITHIN FIVE YEARS AFTER GRADUATION, AND MEET CERTAIN OTHER REQUIREMENTS	13
LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL II – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW AFFECTING RETIREES RETURNING TO WORK	16
LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL III – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT A RECOMMENDATION OF THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE TO ENCOURAGE THE CONSTITUENT INSTITUTIONS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA TO REDESIGN THEIR MATHEMATICS AND SCIENCE TEACHER PREPARATION PROGRAMS, AND TO MAKE AN APPROPRIATION	22
LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL IV – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROVIDE STATE CONTRACTUAL SCHOLARSHIP FUND GRANTS AND LEGISLATIVE TUITION GRANTS FOR STUDENTS WHO HAVE BACHELOR'S DEGREES BUT ARE PURSUING LICENSURE AS NURSES OR TEACHERS	25
LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL V – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT A RECOMMENDATION OF THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE TO APPROPRIATE FUNDS TO DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT A PILOT PROGRAM TO PROVIDE CLASSES IN FOREIGN LANGUAGES CURRENTLY NOT TAUGHT, AND IN THE CULTURE, GEOGRAPHY, POLITICAL, LEGAL AND ECONOMIC SYSTEMS OF COUNTRIES WHERE THOSE LANGUAGES ARE SPOKEN	30

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE



April 25, 2006

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE 2005 GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

Attached for your consideration is the report to the 2006 Regular Session of the 2005 General Assembly. This report was prepared by the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee pursuant to G.S. 120-70.81.

Res	Respectfully submitted,	
Senator A.B. Swindell Cochair	Representative Douglas Yongue Cochair	

JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE 2005-2006

COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

Senator A.B. Swindell, Co-Chair P.O. Box 788 Nashville, NC 27856 (252) 462-0190

Senator Tom Apodaca 214 North King Street Hendersonville, NC 28792 (919) 696-0500

Senator Robert C. Atwater 2089 Farrington Point Road Chapel Hill, NC 27517 (919) 933-3937

Senator Janet Cowell 230 Grand Avenue Raleigh, NC 27606 (919) 858-5337

Senator Charlie Dannelly Legislative Building, Room 2010 Raleigh, NC 27601 (919) 733-5955

Senator John Garwood 453 Mark Lane North Wilkesboro, NC 28659 (336) 838-5378

Senator Kay Hagan Legislative Office Building, Room 411 Raleigh, NC 27603 (919) 733-5856

Senator Fletcher Hartsell P.O. Box 368 Concord, NC 28026 (704) 786-5161

Senator Jeanne H. Lucas P.O. Box 3366 Durham, NC 27702 (919) 733-4599 Representative Douglas Yates Yongue, Co-Chair 604 Prince Street Laurinburg, NC 28352 (910) 276-1727

Representative Larry M. Bell 908 Southwest Blvd. Clinton, NC 28328 (910) 592-1177

Rep. Rick Glazier 2642 Old Colony Place Fayetteville, NC 28303 (910) 484-4168

Representative Robert Grady 107 Jean Circle Jacksonville, NC 28540 (910) 455-9359

Representative Verla C. Insko 610 Surry Road Chapel Hill, NC 27514 (919) 929-6115

Representative Margaret Moore Jeffus 1801 Rolling Road Greensboro, NC 27403 (336) 275-4762

Representative Marian N. McLawhorn P.O. Box 399 Grifton, NC 28530 (252) 524-3113

Representative Louis M. Pate, Jr. P.O. Box 945 Mount Olive, NC 28365 (919) 658-3637

Representative John Sauls 5127 Robin Roost Sanford, NC 27332 (919) 499-0282 Senator Vernon Malone 2124 Lyndhurst Drive Raleigh, NC 27610 (919) 828-5853

Senator Martin Nesbitt 29 N. Market Street, 7th Floor Asheville, NC 28801 (828) 252-0490 Representative Joe P. Tolson P.O. Box 1038 Pinetops, NC 27864 (252) 827-2749

Representative Edith D. Warren P.O. Box 448 Farmville, NC 27828 (252) 753-4198

Advisory Members

Senator Katie Dorsett 1000 N. English Street Greensboro, NC 27407 (336) 275-0628

Senator Richard Y. Stevens 132 Lochwood West Drive Cary, NC 27511 (919) 851-1177 Representative Becky Carney P.O. Box 32873 Charlotte, NC 28232 (919) 733-5827

Representative Marvin W. Lucas 3318 Hedgemoor Circle Spring Lake, NC 28390 (910) 497-2733

Representative Jean Preston 211 Pompano Drive Emerald Isle, NC 28594 (252) 354-6993

COMMITTEE STAFF

Robin Johnson Shirley Iorio Sara Kamprath Drupti Chauhan Dee Atkinson

Mo Hudson, Committee Assistant Katie Stanley, Committee Assistant

COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee held 11 meetings.

November 29, 2005

Budget/Authorizing Legislation/Studies

Robin Johnson, Committee Counsel

Spotlight on 2005 Education Legislation

Dr. Shirley Iorio, Committee Analyst

Teacher Shortage

Dr. Kathy Sullivan, Director, Human Resource Management/Quality Professionals NC Department of Public Instruction

Teacher Working Conditions Survey

Eric Hirsch, Executive Director Center for Teaching Quality Dr. Larry Price, Superintendent Wilson County Schools

Teacher Recruitment/Retention Proposals

Report and Recommendations from the State Board of Education Teacher Retention Task Force Dr. Jane Norwood, Vice Chairman, State Board of Education, and Chairman of Task Force

Governor's Office Ann McArthur, Teacher Advisor Dan Gerlach, Senior Policy Advisor for Fiscal Affairs

North Carolina Association of Educators Eddie Davis, President

Professional Educators of North Carolina Dr. Ellen Greaves, Executive Director

November 30, 2005

Proposal for Funding for Lateral Entry Teachers/Nurses

Dr. A. Hope Williams, President, N.C. Independent Colleges and Universities

Low-Wealth Funds

Lydia Prude, Section Chief, School Allotments, Financial and Business Services, Department of Public Instruction

Alexis Schauss, Section Chief, Information Analysis and Reporting, Financial and Business Services, Department of Public Instruction

Dr. Shirley B. Prince, Superintendent, Scotland County Schools

Dr. Norman W. Shearin, Jr., Superintendent, Vance County Schools

DPI Contract Positions

Philip Price, Associate Superintendent, Financial and Business Services, Department of Public Instruction

January 10, 2006

Erskine Bowles, President, University of North Carolina

Joint Distance Learning Initiatives Between the Community Colleges and Universities

Delores Parker, Vice-President for Academic and Student Services, NC Community College System Alan Mabe, Vice-President for Academic Planning, UNC General Administration

Robyn Render, Vice-President for Information Resources and Chief Information Officer, UNC General Administration

Saundra Williams, Vice-President for Administration, NC Community College System

School Employees' Salary Structure

Alexis Schauss, Chief, Information Analysis and Reporting Section, DPI

NC Teaching Fellows Program

Jo Ann Norris, Associate Executive Director, NC Public School Forum

Recommendations from the Summit on National Board Certified Teachers

January 11, 2006

College Access and Financial Aid

Dr. Bobby Kanoy, Associate Vice President Academic Affairs, UNC General Administration Brian Williams, Director of Technology and Internet Services, CFNC and Susan McCracken, Resource and Partnership Development, GEAR UP NC Tony Tyson, Senior at Green County High School Dr. Steve Brooks, Executive Director, State Education Assistance Authority

Return to Work Following Retirement

Leslie Winner, UNC Vice President for Legal Affairs/General Counsel

Dr. Gordon Burns, President, NC Association of Community College Presidents, and President, Wilkes Community College

Dr. Ed Wilson, President, Wayne Community College

Katherine Joyce, Assistant Executive Director, Association of School Administrators

February 8, 2006

June Atkinson, Superintendent of Public Instruction

Global Education

Dr. Kenneth E. Peacock, Chancellor, Appalachian State University

Millie Ravenel, Executive Director, The Center for International Understanding

Robert Phay, Director, World View – An International Program for Educators – The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

Dr. Delores Parker, Vice-President for Academic and Student Services, North Carolina Community College System

Dr. Elsie Leak, Associate Superintendent, Curriculum and School Support Services, Department of Public Instruction

Science Education

Dr. Elsie Leak, Associate Superintendent, Curriculum & School Support Services, DPI Christine Boytos, Associate Director for Community and Business Management, GlaxoSmithKline, Inc. Brenda Evans, Director, North Carolina Infrastructure for Science Education (NC-ISE)

Dr. Sam Houston, Jr., President and Chief Executive Officer, North Carolina Science, Mathematics, and Technology Education Center

LEA Consolidation

Adam Levinson, Fiscal Analyst, Fiscal Research Division

The North Carolina New Schools Project

Dr. Tony Habit, Executive Director, New Schools Project

NC Wise Update

Philip Price, Associate Superintendent, Financial & Business Services, DPI

March 8, 2006 Wilson and Nash Counties

Wilson Technical Community College

Dr. Rusty Stephens, President, Wilson Technical Community College
Overview of Wilson Technical Community College and the transformation to a "green campus"
Mr. Hank Widmer, Director, Eastern North Carolina School for the Deaf
Overview and update on the Eastern North Carolina School for the Deaf

Wells Elementary School

Dr. Larry Price, Superintendent, Wilson County Schools
Impact Schools: The Integration of Technology into Instruction
The Honorable Beverly Perdue, Lieutenant Governor
Business Education Technology Alliance (BETA) Report

Nash Community College

Dr. Bill Carver, President, Nash Community College
Ms. Fay Agar, Principal, Nash-Rocky Mount Middle College High School
Overview of Nash-Rocky Mount Middle College High School
Ms. Sylvia Harriss, Director, Communities in Schools of the Rocky Mount Region

Red Oak Middle School

Dr. Rick McMahon, Superintendent, Nash-Rocky Mount Schools School Uniforms and Discipline

March 20, 2006

Requests for Non-Budget Items

Erskine Bowles, President, The University of North Carolina June Atkinson, Superintendent, Department of Public Instruction Martin Lancaster, President, The North Carolina Community College System

Positive Behavior Supports Program

Mary Watson, Director, Exceptional Children's Division, Department of Public Instruction

March 21, 2006

Invitation to Legislators Retreat

Lisa Guckian, The James B. Hunt, Jr. Institute for Educational Leadership and Policy

Status Report on Retirees Subcommittee

Representative Glazier

School Construction Needs Assessment

Ben Matthews, Director, School Support Services, Department of Public Instruction Don Steed, Superintendent, Hoke County Public Schools Mike Burriss, Assistant Superintendent for Facilities, Wake County Public Schools

Effective Mentor Programs

Nancy Reid, Novice Teacher Coach, Asheville City Public Schools
Pat Hensley, Assistant Superintendent for Human Resources, Catawba County Public Schools
Rae Thompson, Director of Professional Learning, Catawba County Public Schools
Brenda Jones, Assistant Superintendent for Human Resources, Pitt County Public Schools

Teacher Assistants

Adam Levinson, Fiscal Analyst, Fiscal Research Division

Proprietary Schools

Jack Henderson, President, NC Association of Career Colleges and Schools Bob Hodge, Miller-Motte Mark Dreyfus, ECPI Mike Fritz, NASCAR Institute

Committee Discussion

- Committee Website
 - Robin Johnson, Committee Counsel
- > Issues to Consider for Possible Recommendations to 2006 General Assembly Cochairs
- Appointment of Subcommittees Cochairs

April 3, 2006 Scotland and Robeson Counties

Scotland County Schools Central Office

The Honorable Judge Howard E. Manning, Jr.

St. Andrews Presbyterian College

Dr. John Deegan, Jr., President, St. Andrews Presbyterian College Overview and update on St. Andrews Presbyterian College

April 4, 2006 Scotland and Robeson Counties

Scotland High School

Dr. Shirley Prince, Superintendent, Scotland County Schools

Overview and update on Scotland County Schools: Initiatives, Successes and Challenges

Mr. Don Steed, Superintendent, Hoke County Schools

Mr. Hank Richards, Member, Hoke County Board of Education

Overview and update on Hoke County Schools: Initiatives, Successes and Challenges

Dr. Tony Habit, Executive Director, North Carolina New Schools Project Conversion High Schools

Mr. Colin Armstrong, Superintendent, Robeson County Schools

UNC Pembroke

Dr. Allen Meadors, Chancellor, UNC Pembroke Overview and update on UNC Pembroke

April 25, 2006

Communities In Schools

Linda Harrill, President and Chief Executive Officer Michael Stephens, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

Report on Disadvantaged Student Supplemental Funding (DSSF)

Dr. Elsie Leak, Associate Superintendent of Curriculum and School Reform Services, DPI Philip Price, Associate Superintendent of Financial and Business Services, DPI

Report from Subcommittee on Retirees Return-to-Work Provision

Senator Dannelly and Representative Glazier, Cochairs

Proposed Report, Findings, and Recommendations to 2006 Session

Committee Findings and Recommendations

The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee makes the following findings and recommendations to the 2006 Regular Session of the 2005 General Assembly:

1. Teacher Retention and Recruitment

The Committee encourages the General Assembly to continue to support initiatives that address the State's teacher shortage, focus on recruiting math and science teachers, improve teacher preparation programs, maintain high standards for all teachers, and raise teacher salaries.

The Committee believes there is a growing shortage of competent teachers in North Carolina. This shortage is due to increasing student enrollment, class-size reduction initiatives, and teacher retirements. The teacher shortage is the most acute in rapidly growing school systems, in rural, low-wealth counties, and in schools with high numbers of at-risk students. In addition, many of the State's school systems are experiencing a shortage of certified teachers in math and science.

The Committee supports the initiatives proposed by Erskine Bowles, President of the University of North Carolina. These initiatives include improved collaboration by the deans of the schools of education in order to (i) improve teacher preparation programs and (ii) increase the numbers of students who choose teaching as a career. The Committee recommends that special emphasis be placed on recruiting math and science teachers. The Committee recommends enactment of legislation to fund 50 additional Future Teachers of North Carolina Scholarship Loans for students who agree to become certified in math or science. Scholarship Loan recipients must also agree to teach in that subject area in a North Carolina public school for three years within five years after graduation. See attached DRAFT LEGISLATION: 2005-RJz-2[v.4]. The Committee also recommends special emphasis be placed on strengthening math and science teacher education programs and recruiting minorities and males into teaching. The Committee also encourages the General Assembly to consider initiatives to provide differentiated pay for math and science teachers as well as President Bowles' initiatives to provide higher salaries for math and science teachers willing to teach in low performing schools. In addition, the Committee supports the Governor's proposals to continue raising teachers' salaries.

The Committee believes that the North Carolina Teaching Fellows Program is an effective tool in recruiting outstanding high school students to choose teaching as a career. The program also benefits the teacher preparation programs the students attend. The Committee believes that the Teaching Fellows Program can provide more benefits to students if it allows fellows to enroll in a broader spectrum of colleges and universities that have teacher education programs. As a result, the Committee encourages the North Carolina Teaching Fellows Program to expand the number of colleges and universities in the State that can participate in the North Carolina Teaching Fellows Program. In order to accomplish this expansion in a manner that will allow the Program to be as beneficial and effective as it currently is, the Committee encourages the General Assembly to provide funds to allow for additional Fellows and to provide the administrative support that will be needed.

2. House Bill 706 – An Act to Amend the Teacher Certification Law to Facilitate the Hiring of Teachers – Status report

This is the bill that Governor Easley vetoed in September 2005, and that is currently in the House Rules Committee. Upon receiving a vetoed bill and its gubernatorial veto message, the receiving chamber must immediately proceed to reconsider the bill. A vetoed bill can be referred to committee for review and recommendation. Thus, the referral to committee constitutes the chamber's "immediate" consideration of the vetoed bill. The vetoed bill cannot be amended. No time limit is set for the committee to act or to make a recommendation on the vetoed bill. Therefore, the Rules Committee has until the end of the 2005 General Assembly to act (or not) on the bill. The end of the 2005 General Assembly will be when the Short Session that begins May 9, 2006, adjourns.

The Committee members are pleased to report that the State Board of Education adopted a policy that is similar to the provisions in House Bill 706. The Department of Public Instruction has been issuing licenses under that policy since its adoption.

3. Joint Legislative Education Oversight Subcommittee on Retirees Returning to Work

A subcommittee was appointed to determine whether it is possible to reach consensus on the easing of last year's changes to the law governing retirees who return to work. This subcommittee met three times and recommends enactment of legislation to amend the special provision in the 2005 Budget Bill that provides the conditions under which retired teachers and State employees may return to work after retirement. Representatives of the University system, the Community College system, the State Board of Education and other interested parties met and discussed their problems with implementing the current law. These education groups made recommendations that are included in the draft legislation. See attached DRAFT LEGISLATION: 2005-LL-219[v.17].

4. Mathematics and Science Teacher Preparation Programs

There is increasing evidence that teacher preparation programs are not enabling individuals in these programs to acquire the in-depth content knowledge and well-honed skills needed to teach mathematics or science, or both, in the public schools, whether in elementary, middle or high school. In light of the rapidly changing global economy, colleges and universities must redesign their programs to prepare teachers who can challenge North Carolina's students with rigorous content standards so that when these students ultimately enter the workforce, they will have the skills and knowledge required in the future.

The Committee recommends enactment of legislation to encourage The University of North Carolina to begin the process to encourage the constituent institutions to redesign their mathematics and science teacher preparation programs. See attached DRAFT LEGISLATION: 2005-RHz-10[v.5].

The Committee also encourages the Board of Governors and the State Board to evaluate and revise professional development programs to provide current teachers in-depth content knowledge and well-honed skills needed to teach science or mathematics. The Boards shall

report to this Committee by December 1, 2006, on changes that are recommended or under consideration.

5. Legislative Tuition Grants and State Contractual Scholarship Fund Grants and Aid for Nursing Students

The Committee understands the critical shortage in teaching and nursing that the State is facing. The Committee believes that encouraging professionals that already hold undergraduate degrees in other areas to go back to college to pursue licensure in teaching or nursing is an excellent way to increase the numbers of outstanding teachers and nurses in the State. The Committee recommends that the State Contractual Scholarship Fund Grants and the Legislative Tuition Grants be expanded to include part-time and full-time students who have bachelor's degrees but have returned to college to obtain licensure in teaching and nursing. See attached DRAFT LEGISLATION 2005-RQ-5 [v.6]. The Committee also supports expanding scholarships and scholarship loan funds for students enrolled in nursing programs at public institutions of higher education.

6. Improving School Leadership

There is a growing body of research that supports the idea that improving student achievement, particularly for low-income and minority students, is accomplished with the guidance of an effective leader at the building level. Therefore, it is imperative that principal preparation programs and professional development programs prepare and develop principals for the challenges of leading the schools of today and the future.

The Committee recommends that the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, in consultation with the State Board of Education, revise their school administrator programs and report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee by January 15, 2007, their recommendations for improving the preparation of new school principals and the professional development of current school principals. The revisions shall, at a minimum, focus on middle and high school principals, particularly those in schools where a large number of the students do not perform well, and the identification and inclusion of the skills a principal needs to be an effective instructional leader who is able to coach, teach and develop the teachers in their school. The report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee shall also include a plan for the implementation of the revised programs, any statutory changes needed, and a date by which these changes will be implemented.

7. Initiatives for Low-Wealth School Systems

The Committee continues to fully support initiatives designed to assist schools in low-wealth counties. In particular, the Committee encourages the Governor to recommend and the General Assembly to provide increased funds for low-wealth counties so that this education funding category can finally be fully funded. The Committee also supports the continued annual report to this Committee on how these funds are used by the local education administrative units that receive these funds.

8. Disadvantaged Student Supplemental Fund

The Committee recognizes the importance of the Disadvantaged Student Supplemental Fund and supports the continued funding and expansion of the Fund in order to improve academic achievement for all students. However, the Committee finds that accountability for the Fund must be a priority in order to document how the money has impacted student achievement. The Committee recommends that the General Assembly maintain oversight and require regular reports on how the monies in the Fund are used.

9. Accountability for Entities, Including Non-Profit Organizations, that Receive State Funds to Implement Education Programs

In addition to State and local education agencies that receive State funds to provide a public education to the children of this State, numerous other entities also receive State funds to implement programs to enhance or supplement the programs offered in the public schools. These programs should be held accountable to the General Assembly in order to continue to receive State funds

The Committee encourages the General Assembly to improve its program and fiscal oversight of all of these entities by providing for audits that the General Assembly and its appropriations committees could use when determining whether State funds should be used to support or enhance these programs. One approach would be to authorize this Committee to contract with program and fiscal auditors for audits of specific programs.

10. Global Education

The Committee finds that public education must keep current with the changing world so that our students are prepared for the world of the future. In the past 30 years the world has changed dramatically. There have been more creations and inventions than ever in history. The demographics of the United States and this State have seen significant shifts that are expected to continue. There also are upcoming shifts in the global economy: none of the future largest cities will be in the northern hemisphere and the next one billion consumers will come from Brazil, India, China, and developing markets.

As part of the State's goal to be a leader in the global economy, the Committee strongly supports the continued expanding and upgrading of our school technology initiatives. These initiatives must be based on comprehensive plans that include measurable goals and objectives. At a minimum, the Committee encourages annual program and financial audits to assure credibility of these plans and to permit refinements as needed.

The Committee also encourages the General Assembly to support initiatives to expand the foreign languages being taught in the public schools so that languages currently not taught, such as Arabic, Japanese, and Chinese, are available. The Committee specifically supports the March 9, 2006, recommendations from DPI's Foreign Language Task Force (See attached Recommendations) and recommends consideration of legislation to create a pilot program to provide this expanded foreign language instruction. See attached DRAFT LEGISLATION 2005-LEz-245Z[v.1].

11. Dropout Prevention/Communities in Schools

The Committee enthusiastically supports the work of Communities in Schools. This organization involves members of local communities to provide tutors, mentors, scholarships and other services for students who are at risk of dropping out of school. Due to this organization's documented success with these students, the Committee encourages the General Assembly to continue providing State funds for this organization and, if funds are available, to provide additional funds.

ARTICLE 12H. Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee.

§ 120-70.80. Creation and membership of Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee.

The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee is established. The Committee consists of 22 members as follows:

- (1) Eleven members of the Senate appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, at least two of whom are members of the minority party; and
- (2) Eleven members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, at least three of whom are members of the minority party.

Terms on the Committee are for two years and begin on the convening of the General Assembly in each odd-numbered year. Members may complete a term of service on the Committee even if they do not seek reelection or are not reelected to the General Assembly, but resignation or removal from service in the General Assembly constitutes resignation or removal from service on the Committee.

A member continues to serve until his successor is appointed. A vacancy shall be filled within 30 days by the officer who made the original appointment.

§ 120-70.81. Purpose and powers of Committee.

- (a) The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee shall examine, on a continuing basis, the several educational institutions in North Carolina, in order to make ongoing recommendations to the General Assembly on ways to improve public education from kindergarten through higher education. In this examination, the Committee shall:
 - (1) Study the budgets, programs, and policies of the Department of Public Instruction, the State Board of Education, the Department of Community Colleges, the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, and the constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina to determine ways in which the General Assembly may encourage the improvement of all education provided to North Carolinians and may aid in the development of more integrated methods of institutional accountability;
 - (2) Examine, in particular, the Basic Education Plan and the School Improvement and Accountability Act of 1989, to determine whether changes need to be built into the plans, whether implementation schedules need to be restructured, and how to manage the ongoing development of the policies underlying these legislative plans, including a determination of whether there is a need for the legislature to develop ongoing funding patterns for these plans;
 - (3) Study other states' educational initiatives in public schools, community colleges, and public universities, in order to provide an ongoing commentary to the General Assembly on these initiatives and to make

- recommendations for implementing similar initiatives in North Carolina; and
- (4) Study any other educational matters that the Committee considers necessary to fulfill its mandate.
- (b) The Committee may make interim reports to the General Assembly on matters for which it may report to a regular session of the General Assembly. A report to the General Assembly may contain any legislation needed to implement a recommendation of the Committee.

§ 120-70.82. Organization of Committee.

- (a) The President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each designate a cochair of the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee. The Committee shall meet at least once a quarter and may meet at other times upon the joint call of the cochairs.
- (b) A quorum of the Committee is 10 members. No action may be taken except by a majority vote at a meeting at which a quorum is present. While in the discharge of its official duties, the Committee has the powers of a joint committee under G.S. 120-19 and G.S. 120-19.1 through G.S. 120-19.4.
- (c) Members of the Committee receive subsistence and travel expenses as provided in G.S. 120-3.1. The Committee may contract for consultants or hire employees in accordance with G.S. 120-32.02. The Legislative Services Commission, through the Legislative Services Officer, shall assign professional staff to assist the Committee in its work. Upon the direction of the Legislative Services Commission, the Supervisors of Clerks of the Senate and of the House of Representatives shall assign clerical staff to the Committee. The expenses for clerical employees shall be borne by the Committee.

§ 120-70.83. Additional powers.

The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee, while in discharge of official duties, shall have access to any paper or document, and may compel the attendance of any State official or employee before the Committee or secure any evidence under G.S. 120.19. In addition, G.S. 120-19.1 through G.S. 120-19.4 shall apply to the proceedings of the Committee as if it were a joint committee of the General Assembly.

§§ 120-70.84 through 120-70.89: Reserved for future codification purposes.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

U D

BILL DRAFT 2005-RJz-2 [v.4] (04/20)

(THIS IS A DRAFT AND IS NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION) 4/21/2006 12:33:16 PM

Short Title:	Amend Future Teachers Scholarship Loan.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Unknown.	
Referred to:		

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND THE FUTURE TEACHERS OF NORTH CAROLINA SCHOLARSHIP LOAN FUND BY ADDING FIFTY SCHOLARSHIP LOANS FOR STUDENTS WHO AGREE TO BECOME CERTIFIED IN MATH OR SCIENCE, TEACH FULL-TIME IN THAT AREA IN A NORTH CAROLINA PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR THREE YEARS WITHIN FIVE YEARS AFTER GRADUATION, AND MEET CERTAIN OTHER REQUIREMENTS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

1 2

SECTION 1. G.S. 116-209.38 reads as rewritten:

"§ 116-209.38. Future Teachers of North Carolina Scholarship Loan Fund.

- (a) There is established the Future Teachers of North Carolina Scholarship Loan Fund. The purpose of the Fund is to provide a two-year scholarship loan of six thousand five hundred dollars (\$6,500) per year for any North Carolina student pursuing a college degree to teach in the public schools of the State. The scholarship loan shall be paid only for the student's junior and senior years. The scholarship loan is available if the student is enrolled in a State institution of higher education or a private institution of higher education located in this State that has an accredited teacher preparation program for students planning to become certified teachers in North Carolina. The State Education Assistance Authority shall administer the Fund and shall award 150 scholarship loans annually.
- (b) The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, in consultation with the State Board of Education and the State Board of Community Colleges, shall develop the criteria for awarding the scholarship loans under this section and shall adopt very stringent standards for awarding these scholarship loans to ensure that only the best students receive them.

(b1) Additional criteria for awarding the first 100 scholarship loans under this section shall include all of the following:

1 2

- (1) The student is one who either: (i) maintained a "B" or better average in college and is enrolled as a junior or senior in a teacher preparation program at any of the institutions described by subsection (a) of this section; or (ii) completed a college transfer curriculum at a community college in the State's Community Colleges System, maintained a "B" or better average in the community college courses, and is accepted and enrolled in a teacher preparation program at one of the institutions described by subsection (a) of this section.
- (2) The student agrees to become certified in math, science, special education, or English as a Second Language and teach full-time in that subject area in a North Carolina public school for three years within five years after graduation.
- (3) Any additional criteria that the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, in consultation with the State Board of Education and the State Board of Community Colleges, considers necessary to administer the Fund effectively.
- (b2) Additional criteria for awarding the remaining 50 scholarship loans under this section shall include all of the following:
 - (1) The student is one who either: (i) maintained a "B" or better average in college and is enrolled as a junior or senior in a teacher preparation program at any of the institutions described by subsection (a) of this section; or (ii) completed a college transfer curriculum at a community college in the State's Community Colleges System, maintained a "B" or better average in the community college courses, and is accepted and enrolled in a teacher preparation program at one of the institutions described by subsection (a) of this section.
 - (2) The student agrees to become certified in math or science and teach full-time in that subject area in a North Carolina public school for three years within five years after graduation.
 - (3) Any additional criteria that the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, in consultation with the State Board of Education and the State Board of Community Colleges, considers necessary to administer the Fund effectively.
- (c) If a student who is awarded a scholarship loan under this section fails to comply with the provisions of this section or the terms of the agreement awarding the scholarship loan, then the student shall repay the full amount of the scholarship loan provided to the student and the appropriate amount of interest as determined by the State Education Assistance Authority.
- (d) The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, the State Board of Education, and the State Board of Community Colleges shall: (i) prepare a clear written explanation of the Future Teachers of North Carolina Scholarship Fund and the

information regarding the availability and criteria for awarding the scholarship loans, and (ii) shall provide that information to the appropriate counselors in each local school system and the appropriate institutions of higher education and shall charge those counselors to inform students about the scholarship loans and to encourage them to apply for the scholarship loans.

1 2

- (e) The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina shall adopt rules to implement this section.
- (f) The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina shall report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee by March 1 each year regarding the Fund and scholarship loans awarded from the Fund. (2005-276, s. 9.11(a).)"

SECTION 2. Section 9.11(b) of S.L. 2005-276 reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 9.11.(b) Of the funds appropriated in this act to the State Education Assistance Authority the sum of six hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$650,000) for the 2005-2006 fiscal year and the sum of one million six hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$1,625,000) for the 2006-2007 fiscal year shall be used to implement this act."

SECTION 3. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

 ${f U}$

$BILL\ DRAFT\ 2005\text{-}LL\text{-}219\ [v.17]\quad (4/12)$

(THIS IS A DRAFT AND IS NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION) 4/26/2006 10:14:00 AM

(Public)

Short Title: Retirees Returning to Work.

	Sponsors: .		
	Referred to:		
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
2	AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW AFFECTING RETIREES RETURNING TO		
3	WORK.		
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
5	SECTION 1. G.S. 135-1 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:		
6	"(14a) "Normal retirement age" means the age of 60 or older with 25 or more		
7	years of creditable service or the age of 65 or older with 5 or more		
8	years of membership service."		
9	SECTION 2. G.S. 135-1(20) reads as rewritten:		
10	"(20) "Retirement" means:		
11	a. In the case of a member who has reached normal retirement age,		
12	the commencement of a retirement allowance under the provisions		
13	of this Article.		
14	b. In the case of a member who has not yet reached normal retirement		
15	age, the commencement of a retirement allowance under the		
16	provisions of this Article and a complete separation from active		
17	service, with no intent or agreement, express or implied, to return to		
18	service, and subject to the requirement that the member shall not		
19	render any service, whether part-time, temporary, substitute, or		
20	contractor service, at any time during the total of twenty-five		
21 22	working days immediately following the effective date of		
23	retirement plus the longer of the number of weeks during each of the previous two years in which there were no paid days of		
23 24	employment."		
∠ +	employment.		

SECTION 3.(a) Subsection (d) of Section 28.24 of S.L. 1998-212, as amended by Section 7A.1 of S.L. 2005-144, reads as rewritten:

"(d) This section becomes effective January 1, 1999."

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

2930

31

32

33

3435

36 37

38

39

40

41

42

43

SECTION 3.(b) The introductory language of Section 67 of S.L. 1998-217, as amended by Section 7A.1 of S.L. 2005-144, reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 67. Effective January 1, 1999, G.S. 135-3(8)c., as rewritten by Section 28.24(a) of S.L. 1998-212 reads as rewritten:".

SECTION 3.(c) Subsection (b) of Section 67.1 of S.L. 1998-217, as amended by Section 7A.1 of S.L. 2005-144, reads as rewritten:

"(b) This section becomes effective January 1, 1999."

SECTION 3.(d) Subsection (c) of Section 32.25 of S.L. 2001-424, as amended by Section 7A.1 of S.L. 2005-144, reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 32.25.(c) This section becomes effective July 1, 2001."

SECTION 3.(e) This section becomes effective June 30, 2006.

SECTION 4. G.S. 135-3(8)c. reads as rewritten:

"c.

Should a beneficiary who retired on an early or service retirement allowance under this Chapter be reemployed, or otherwise engaged to perform services, by an employer participating in the Retirement System on a part-time, temporary, interim, or on a fee-for-service basis, whether contractual or otherwise, and if such beneficiary earns an amount during the 12-month period immediately following the effective date of retirement or in any calendar year which exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the reported compensation, excluding terminal payments, during the 12 months of service preceding the effective date of retirement, or twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), whichever is greater, as hereinafter indexed, then the retirement allowance shall be suspended as of the first day of the month following the month in which the reemployment earnings exceed the amount above, for the balance of the calendar year. The retirement allowance of such a beneficiary shall also be suspended as provided in this subsubdivision if that beneficiary earns in any one month an amount that exceeds sixty percent (60%) of the average reported monthly compensation, excluding terminal payments, earned during the twelve months of service immediately preceding the effective date of retirement, unless the beneficiary's employment resulting in that monthly amount is for a fixed term of no more than six months and is preceded by at least a sixmonth continuous separation from active service following the beneficiary's retirement. The retirement allowance of the beneficiary shall be reinstated as of January 1 of each year following suspension. The amount that may be earned before suspension shall be increased on January 1 of each year by the ratio of the Consumer Price Index to the Index one year earlier, calculated to the nearest tenth of a percent (1/10 of 1%).

The computation of postretirement earnings of a beneficiary under this sub-subdivision, G.S. 135-3(8)c., who meets either definition of retirement under G.S. 135-1(20) and who, before the effective date of reemployment, has not been employed in any capacity with a public school at any time during the total of 25 working days immediately following the effective date of retirement plus the longer of the number of weeks during each of the previous two years in which there were no paid days of employment for that member, shall not include earnings while the beneficiary is employed to teach in a permanent full-time or part-time capacity that exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the applicable workweek in a public school. The Department of Public Instruction shall certify to the Retirement System that a beneficiary is employed to teach by a local school administrative unit under the provisions of this sub-subdivision and as a retired teacher as the term is defined under the provisions of G.S. 115C-325(a)(5a).

Beneficiaries employed under this sub-subdivision are not entitled to any benefits otherwise provided under this Chapter as a result of this period of employment."

SECTION 5. G.S. 115C-325(a)(5a) reads as rewritten:

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8 9

10

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

19

2021

2223

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32 33

34

35

36

3738

39

40

41

42 43 "(5a) "Retired teacher" means a beneficiary of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System of North Carolina who meets either definition of retirement under G.S. 135-1(20), who, before the effective date of reemployment, has not been employed in any capacity with a public school at any time during the total of 25 working days immediately following the effective date of retirement plus the longer of the number of weeks during each of the previous two years in which there were no paid days of employment for that member, who is determined by a local board of education or a charter school to have had satisfactory performance during the last year of employment by a local board of education or a charter school, and who is employed to teach as provided in G.S. 135-3(8)c. A retired teacher at a school other than a charter school shall be treated the same as a probationary teacher except that (i) a retired teacher is not eligible for career status and (ii) the performance of a retired teacher who had attained career status prior to retirement shall be evaluated in accordance with a local board of education's policies and procedures applicable to career teachers."

SECTION 6. Section 29.28(f) of S.L. 2005-276 reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 29.28.(f) Subsections (a) and (b) of this section become effective August 1, 2005. Subsection (e) of this section becomes effective November 1, 2005, but does not apply to participants in The University of North Carolina Phased Retirement Program. The remainder of this section becomes effective June 30, 2005."

1 2

 SECTION 7. The University of North Carolina shall establish a normal retirement age for the Optional Retirement Program of either 59½ or 60 years of age and shall limit the UNC Phased Retirement Program to persons who have reached that normal retirement age.

SECTION 8. The North Carolina Community College System may establish a phased retirement program for its faculty that functions in a manner similar to The University of North Carolina Phased Retirement Program.

SECTION 9. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006, but Sections1 through 5 of this act do not apply to participants in The University of North Carolina Phased Retirement Program or to members of the phased retirement program established for the faculty of the North Carolina Community College System under Section 8 of this act.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY



Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer

Research Division 300 N. Salisbury Street, Suite 545 Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 Tel. 919-733-2578 Fax 919-715-5460 Terrence D. Sullivan Director

To: Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee

Subcommittee on Retirees Returning to Work

Senator Dannelly, Co-chair Representative Glazier, Co-chair

From: Shirley Iorio, Ph D

Legislative Analyst, Research Division

Date: April 25, 2006

Re: Bill Draft 2005-LL-219[v.17]

This proposed legislation makes several changes within the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS) affecting retirees who return to work:

Section 1. Amends G.S. 135-1 by establishing a "normal retirement age" as follows:

- The age of 60 or older with 25 or more years of creditable service, or
- The age of 65 or older with 5 or more years of membership service.

Section 2. Amends G.S. 135-1(20) by rewriting the definition of "retirement" as follows:

- For a member who has reached normal retirement age, retirement means the start of a retirement allowance under the statutory provisions for TSERS.
- For a member who has <u>not</u> yet reached normal retirement age, retirement means the start of a retirement allowance under the statutory provisions for TSERS **and the following:**
 - A complete separation from active service, with no intent or agreement, express or implied, to return to service; and
 - o A requirement that the member shall not render any service, on a part-time, temporary, substitute, or contractual basis at any time during the total of 25 working days immediately following the effective date of retirement **plus** the longer of the number of weeks during each of the previous two years in which there were no paid days of employment.

Section 3. Removes the sunset on the provisions governing retired teachers returning to the classroom and establishes an effective date for this section of June 30, 2006.

Section 4. Amends, G.S. 135-3(8)c, the law that pertains to beneficiaries who retire on an early or service retirement allowance and return to work for an employer that participates in the Retirement System. Currently, a retiree may return to service during the 12-month period immediately following the effective date of retirement or in any calendar year on a part-time, interim, temporary or contractual basis and earn the greater of \$20,000 (adjusted each year for inflation) or 50% of the salary that the person earned during the 12 months of service prior to retirement. If the retiree exceeds this earnings cap, their retirement allowance is suspended as of the first day of the month following the month in which the reemployment earnings exceeded the cap. This proposed legislation adds the following conditions:

• If the beneficiary earns in any one month an amount that exceeds 60% of the average reported monthly compensation, excluding terminal payments, earned during the 12 months of service immediately preceding the effective date of retirement, then their retirement allowance is suspended.*

*Exception. When the beneficiary's employment resulting in that monthly amount is for a fixed term of no more than six months **and** is preceded by at least a six-month continuous separation from active service following their retirement.

There is an exemption that allows a beneficiary to be re-employed to teach after retirement and still collect full retirement benefits in addition to their salary. Currently, a beneficiary who is reemployed to teach must be retired at least six months and may not have been employed in any capacity with a public school for at least six months immediately preceding the effective date of reemployment. Also, to be exempt from the postretirement earnings cap, the beneficiary must be employed to teach in a permanent full-time or part-time capacity that exceeds 50% of the applicable workweek in a public school.

This proposed legislation reduces the break-in-service time from six months to the following:

• For a beneficiary who meets either definition of retirement in Section 2 above and who, before the effective date of reemployment, has not been employed in any capacity with a public school at any time during the total of 25 working days immediately following the effective date of retirement **plus** the longer of the number of weeks during each of the previous two years in which there were no paid days of employment for that member.

Section 5. Amends G.S. 115C-325(a)(5a) to make conforming changes to the definition of "retired teacher".

Section 6. Restores the UNC Phased Retirement Program by removing the reemployment restrictions for participants.

Section 7. Requires The University of North Carolina to establish a normal retirement age for the Optional Retirement Program of either 59 ½ or 60 years of age and limit the UNC Phased Retirement Program to persons who have reached that normal retirement age.

Section 8. Allows the North Carolina Community College System to establish for its faculty a phased retirement program similar to the UNC Program.

Section 9. Sets an effective date of July 1, 2006. However, Sections 1 through 5 do not apply to participants in the UNC Phased Retirement Program or to members of the phased retirement program established for the faculty of the NC Community College System under Section 8.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

 \mathbf{U}

BILL DRAFT 2005-RHz-10 [v.5] (04/18)

(THIS IS A DRAFT AND IS NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION) 4/21/2006 2:36:34 PM

Short Title:	Sci/Math Teacher Prep. Programs.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT A RECOMMENDATION OF THE **JOINT** LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE TO ENCOURAGE THE CONSTITUENT INSTITUTIONS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH THEIR MATHEMATICS AND CAROLINA TO REDESIGN **SCIENCE** TEACHER **PREPARATION** PROGRAMS, AND TO **MAKE** AN APPROPRIATION.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

SECTION 1. The purpose of this act is to encourage the constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina to redesign their teacher preparation programs so that they better prepare the individuals who must acquire in-depth content knowledge and well-honed skills to teach mathematics or science, or both, in the public schools, whether in elementary, middle or high school. In light of the rapidly changing global economy, these redesigned programs must prepare teachers who can challenge North Carolina's students with rigorous content standards so that when these students ultimately enter the workforce, they will have the skills and knowledge required in the future.

SECTION 2.(a) The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina shall develop and implement a competitive proposal process and criteria for assessing proposals to establish rigorous, innovative, interdisciplinary, and collaborative teacher preparation programs for individuals who will teach mathematics or science, or both, whether in elementary, middle, or high school. To facilitate the development of the programs, program criteria, and the proposal process, the Board of Governors shall convene a task force of mathematicians, scientists, and individuals with teacher preparation expertise to assist it in designing the proposal process and criteria for

assessing the proposals. The Task Force shall consult with the State Board of Education, persons familiar with mathematics and science education in other countries, members of business and industry, and any other persons the Task Force considers appropriate.

SECTION 2.(b) The Task Force shall identify which departments, schools, or other programs within constituent institutions may submit a proposal under this act. The Task Force also shall determine whether proposals to develop a multi-campus, regional, distance, or joint program will be eligible for consideration. The Task Force shall develop criteria for assessing the proposals submitted under this act. Submitted proposals shall include the extent to which the proposed programs:

- (1) Reflect a vision for preparing teachers who have a strong foundation of the content knowledge and skills needed to teach mathematics or science, or both, whether in elementary, middle, or high school.
- (2) Are interdisciplinary in design and involve more than schools of education.
- (3) Reflect collaboration with local school administrative units, professional associations, mathematics and science organizations, and business and industry.
- (4) Meet content standards proposed by mathematicians or scientists, or both.
- (5) Demonstrate a significant commitment and sharing of campus resources.
- (6) Employ entrance standards and criteria that will attract outstanding applicants who reflect the racial and economic composition of the State.
- (7) Can serve as models for other mathematics and science teacher preparation programs in the State.
- (8) Include other elements that the Board of Governors and Task Force consider appropriate and necessary.

SECTION 2.(c) The Board of Governors shall develop a budget for the programs established under this section that reflects the resources necessary to establish and operate redesigned mathematics and science teacher preparation programs.

SECTION 3. The Board of Governors shall report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee on the budget developed under Section 2.(c) of this act and on the design for the programs and the proposal process created under Section 2 of this act by December 1, 2006.

SECTION 4. Requests for proposals shall be disseminated to the constituent institutions no later than January 15, 2007. Proposals shall be submitted to the Board of Governors no later than June 1, 2007. The Board of Governors shall then reconvene the Task Force to screen the submitted proposals. After its screening, the Task Force shall make its recommendations to the Board of Governors by September 1, 2007. The Board of Governors shall choose the institutions that shall have the redesigned mathematics and science teacher preparation programs no later than November 1, 2007.

SECTION 5. Institutions chosen to have programs under Section 4 of this act shall plan for the implementation of the programs. Programs shall begin operating no later than September 1, 2008.

SECTION 6. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for the 2006-2007 fiscal year to implement Section 2 of this act.

SECTION 7. Section 5 of this act shall not become effective unless sufficient funds are appropriated for this purpose. Nothing in this act shall require the General Assembly to appropriate any funds to implement it.

SECTION 8. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

SECTION 6. 1

1 2

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H D

BILL DRAFT 2005-RQ-5 [v.6] (04/21)

(THIS IS A DRAFT AND IS NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION)

Short Title: Tuit. & Contract. Grants for Teaching/Nursing. (Public)

Sponsors: Representative Yongue.

Referred to:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO PROVIDE STATE CONTRACTUAL SCHOLARSHIP FUND GRANTS AND LEGISLATIVE TUITION GRANTS FOR STUDENTS WHO HAVE BACHELOR'S DEGREES BUT ARE PURSUING LICENSURE AS NURSES OR TEACHERS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 116-19 reads as rewritten:

"§ 116-19. Contracts with private institutions to aid North Carolina students and licensure students; reporting requirement.

(a) In order to encourage and assist private institutions to continue to educate North Carolina students and licensure students, the State Education Assistance Authority may enter into contracts with the institutions under the terms of which an institution receiving any funds that may be appropriated pursuant to this section would agree that, during any fiscal year in which such funds were received, the institution would provide and administer scholarship funds for needy North Carolina students and licensure students in an amount at least equal to the amount paid to the institution, pursuant to this section, during the fiscal year. Under the terms of the contracts the State Education Assistance Authority would agree to pay to the institutions, subject to the availability of funds, a fixed sum of money for each North Carolina student and licensure student enrolled at the institutions for the regular academic year, said sum to be determined by appropriations that might be made from time to time by the General Assembly pursuant to this section. Funds appropriated pursuant to this section shall be paid by the State Education Assistance Authority to an institution on certification of the

institution showing the number of North Carolina students and licensure students enrolled at the institution as of October 1 of any year for which funds may be appropriated. For purposes of this subsection, "needy North Carolina students and licensure students" are those eligible students and licensure students who have financial need as determined by the institution under the institutional methodology or the federal methodology as defined by the State Education Assistance Authority. For purposes of this subsection, "institutional methodology" means a need-analysis formula, developed by College Scholarship Service, that determines the student's or licensure student's and his or her family's capacity to pay for postsecondary education each year.

(b) The State Education Assistance Authority shall document the number of full-time equivalent North Carolina undergraduate students and full-time and less than full-time licensure students that are enrolled in off-campus programs and the State funds collected by each institution pursuant to G.S. 116-19 for those students. The State Education Assistance Authority shall also document the number of scholarships and the amount of the scholarships that are awarded under G.S. 116-19 to students and licensure students enrolled in off-campus programs. An "off-campus program" is any program offered for degree credit away from the institution's main permanent campus.

The State Education Assistance Authority shall include in its annual report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee the information it has compiled and its findings regarding this program."

SECTION 2. G.S. 116-20 reads as rewritten:

"§ 116-20. Scholarship and contract terms; base period.

In order to encourage and assist private institutions to educate additional numbers of North Carolinians, the Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina is hereby authorized to enter into contracts within the institutions under the terms of which an institution receiving any funds that may be appropriated pursuant to this section would agree that, during any fiscal year in which such funds were received, the institution would provide and administer scholarship funds for needy North Carolina students and licensure students in an amount at least equal to the amount paid to the institution, pursuant to this section, during the fiscal year. Under the terms of the contracts the Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina would agree to pay to the institutions, subject to the availability of funds, a fixed sum of money for each North Carolina student and licensure student enrolled as of October 1 of any year for which appropriated funds may be available, over and above the number of North Carolina students enrolled in that institution as of October 1, 1997, which shall be the base date for the purpose of this calculation. Funds appropriated pursuant to this section shall be paid by the State Education Assistance Authority to an institution upon recommendation of the Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina and on certification of the institution showing the number of North Carolina students and licensure students enrolled at the institution as of October 1 of any year for which funds may be appropriated over the number enrolled on the base date. In the event funds are appropriated for expenditure pursuant to this section and funds are also appropriated, for the same fiscal year, for expenditure pursuant to G.S. 116-19, students and licensure students who are enrolled at an institution in excess of the number enrolled on the base date may be counted under this section for the purpose of calculating the amount to be paid to the institution, but the same students and licensure students may also be counted under G.S. 116-19, for the purpose of calculating payment to be made under that section."

SECTION 3. G.S. 116-21.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 116-21.1. Financial aid for North Carolina students and licensure students attending private institutions of higher education in North Carolina.

- (a) Funds shall be appropriated each fiscal year in the Current Operations Appropriations Act to the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina for aid to institutions and shall be disbursed in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 116-19, 116-21, and 116-22.
- (b) The funds appropriated in compliance with this section shall be placed in a separate, identifiable account in each eligible institution's budget or chart of accounts. All funds in the account shall be provided as scholarship funds for needy North Carolina students and licensure students during the fiscal year. Each student and licensure student awarded a scholarship from this account shall be notified of the source of the funds and of the amount of the award. Funds not utilized under G.S. 116-19 shall be available for the tuition grant program as defined in G.S. 116-21.2."

SECTION 4. G.S. 116-21.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 116-21.2. Legislative tuition grants to aid students and licensure students attending private institutions of higher education.

- (a) In addition to any funds appropriated pursuant to G.S. 116-19 and in addition to all other financial assistance made available to institutions, or to persons attending these institutions, there is granted to each full-time North Carolina undergraduate student attending an approved institution as defined in G.S. 116-22, a sum, to be determined by the General Assembly for each academic year which shall be distributed to the full-time undergraduate student as provided by this subsection.
- (a1) The legislative tuition grant provided by this section shall also be granted to each full-time licensure student who is enrolled in a program intended to result in a license in teaching or nursing at an approved institution. The legislative tuition grant provided by this section shall be awarded on a pro-rata basis to any licensure student who is enrolled less than full-time in a program intended to result in a license in teaching or nursing at an approved institution. The legislative tuition grant and pro-rated legislative tuition grant authorized under this subsection shall be paid for undergraduate courses only.(b)

 The tuition

grants provided for in this section shall be administered by the State Education Assistance Authority pursuant to rules adopted by the State Education Assistance Authority not inconsistent with this section. The State Education Assistance Authority shall not approve any grant until it receives proper certification from an approved institution that the student or licensure student applying for the grant is eligible. Upon receipt of the certification, the State Education Assistance Authority shall remit at the times as it prescribes the grant to the approved institution on behalf, and to the credit, of the student or licensure student.

- (c) Except as provided in subsection (a1) of this section, in the event a student on whose behalf a grant has been paid is not enrolled and carrying a minimum academic load as of the tenth classroom day following the beginning of the school term for which the grant was paid, the institution shall refund the full amount of the grant to the State Education Assistance Authority. If a licensure student on whose behalf a pro-rated grant has been paid in accordance with subsection (a1) of this section is not enrolled in the undergraduate class as of the tenth classroom day following the beginning of the school term for which the grant was paid, the institution shall refund the full amount of the grant to the State Education Assistance Authority. Each approved institution shall be subject to examination by the State Auditor for the purpose of determining whether the institution has properly certified eligibility and enrollment of students and licensure students and credited grants paid on behalf of them.
- (d) In the event there are not sufficient funds to provide each eligible student or licensure student with a full grant as provided by subsection (a) of this section or a full or a pro-rated grant as provided by subsection (a1) of this section:
 - (1) The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, with the approval of the Office of State Budget and Management, may transfer available funds to meet the needs of the programs provided by subsections (a), (a1), and (b) of this section; and
 - (2) Each eligible student and licensure student shall receive a pro rata share of funds then available for the remainder of the academic year within the fiscal period covered by the current appropriation.
 - (e) Any remaining funds shall revert to the General Fund."

SECTION 5. G.S. 116-21.3 reads as rewritten:

"§ 116-21.3. Legislative tuition grant limitations.

- (a) For purposes of this section, an "off-campus program" is any program offered for degree credit away from the institution's main permanent campus.
- (b) No legislative tuition grant funds shall be expended for a program at an off-campus site of a private institution, as defined in G.S. 116-22(1), established after May 15, 1987, unless (i) the private institution offering the program has previously notified and secured agreement from other private institutions operating degree programs in the county in which the off-campus program is located or operating in the counties adjacent to that county or (ii) the degree program is

neither available nor planned in the county with the off-campus site or in the counties adjacent to that county.

- (c) Any member of the armed services, as defined in G.S. 116-143.3(a), abiding in this State incident to active military duty, who does not qualify as a resident for tuition purposes, as defined under G.S. 116-143.1, is eligible for a legislative tuition grant pursuant to this section if the member is enrolled as a full-time undergraduate student or as a licensure student. The member's legislative tuition grant shall not exceed the cost of tuition less any tuition assistance paid by the member's employer.
- (d) A legislative tuition grant authorized under G.S. 116-21.2(a) shall be reduced by twenty-five percent (25%) for any individual student who has completed 140 semester credit hours or the equivalent of 140 semester credit hours."

SECTION 6. G.S. 116-21.4(b) reads as rewritten:

- "(b) Expenditures made pursuant to G.S. 116-19, 116-20, 116-21.1, or 116-21.2 shall not be used for any student or licensure student who:
 - (1) Is incarcerated in a State or federal correctional facility for committing a Class A, B, B1, or B2 felony; or
 - (2) Is incarcerated in a State or federal correctional facility for committing a Class C through I felony and is not eligible for parole or release within 10 years."

SECTION 7. G.S. 116-22 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

- "(1b) 'Licensure student' shall mean a person who:
 - (a) Has a bachelor's degree;
 - (b) Is enrolled either full-time or less than full-time in a program intended to result in licensure in teaching or nursing;
 - (c) Attends an institution located in the State; and
 - (d) Qualifies as a resident of North Carolina in accordance with definitions of residency that may from time to time be adopted by the Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina and published in the residency manual of the Board."

SECTION 8. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the State Education Assistance Authority the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000) for the 2006-2007 fiscal year to implement this act.

SECTION 9. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H D

BILL DRAFT 2005-LEz-245Z [v.1] (4/10)

(THIS IS A DRAFT AND IS NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION) 4/25/2006 3:03:14 PM

Short Title: New Foreign Lang. in Schools/Pilot Program. (Public)

Sponsors: Representative.

Referred to:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT A RECOMMENDATION OF THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE TO APPROPRIATE FUNDS TO DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT A PILOT PROGRAM TO PROVIDE CLASSES IN FOREIGN LANGUAGES CURRENTLY NOT TAUGHT, AND IN THE CULTURE, GEOGRAPHY, POLITICAL, LEGAL AND ECONOMIC SYSTEMS OF COUNTRIES WHERE THOSE LANGUAGES ARE SPOKEN.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Public Instruction the sum of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for the 2006-2007 fiscal year to establish and implement a pilot program in six local school administrative units to offer classes in which instruction is provided (i) in foreign languages currently not taught in the public schools, (ii) on the culture, geography, political, legal and economic systems of the countries where those languages are spoken, and (iii) on the Internet in order to make these classes available to other local school administrative units.

The State Board of Education, with the assistance of the Department of Public Instruction, shall select pilot local school administrative units that are distributed geographically throughout the State. Up to two high schools in each pilot unit shall implement the program. Classes shall begin in the second semester of the 2006-2007 school year.

The State Board of Education shall approve the curriculum for the pilot program and for the internet courses on an expedited basis.

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

Recommendations
Foreign Language Task Force Meeting
March 9, 2006

A group of K-16 foreign language educators, school administrators, and community advocates met in Raleigh on March 9, 2006 to develop recommendations to strengthen foreign language instruction in North Carolina. As a result of this discussion, the committee proposes the following recommendations and action steps:

High Student Performance

- 1. Encourage the State Board of Education to establish Global Preparedness as a 6th Priority. The task force believes that the priority will underscore the importance of learning languages and studying other cultures and will reinforce the efforts of local districts trying to establish strong second language instructional programs that lead to the development of proficiency.
- 2. Work toward the establishment of a K-12 pipeline of articulated instruction in each LEA which will result in students who graduate with communicative proficiency at the advanced level in listening, speaking, reading, and writing in at least one language other than English.
 - Provide incentive grants to LEAs to begin programs perhaps 10 grants per year of \$75,000-\$100,000. Grants would be awarded on a competitive basis.
 - Create a public relations program in conjunction with the *Discover Languages* initiative of the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages (ACTFL) that emphasizes the importance of second language study for all students. The program should be directed to school administrators (especially principals), parents, policy makers, and other members of the community.
 - Develop K-16 collaboratives in various regions of the state to support second language instruction, to apply for grants to strengthen K-12 language instruction and teacher preparation and, to explore ways in which university faculty can provide advanced level languages instruction for high school students
 - Designate a foreign language professional to serve as a district foreign language supervisor or lead teacher to coordinate foreign language instruction and professional development
 - Ask the State Board of Education to develop a foreign language concentration for high school students and a designation on the high school transcript of students who reach high levels of proficiency.
 - Encourage students to do graduation projects in languages other than English

• Award LEAs state recognition for graduating a certain percentage of students as language proficient or for showing significant improvement and progress toward achieving the goal.

3. Expand instruction in critical, non-traditional languages

- Appropriate funds to assist in the development of a Chinese distancelearning program
- Cooperate with the Governors Schools to develop offerings in critical languages such as Chinese, Arabic, and Russian
- Develop collaborative instructional programs between school districts and institutions of higher education to offer critical languages
- Ask the State Board of Education to develop a policy which would encourage heritage speakers to improve and maintain their home language including awarding credit for language instruction outside the public school setting
- Allow the use of "at risk funds" for the development of literacy skills in students' first language (non-English language)

Quality Professionals

4. Increase the pool of qualified foreign language teachers

- Designate a percentage of Teaching Fellows specifically for foreign languages
- Establish scholarships to encourage heritage language speakers to become foreign language teachers, especially in critical languages
- Develop a public-private partnership to provide funding to assist foreign language teachers and future foreign language teachers to study in other countries in order to build language skills.

The majority of the recommendations do not require additional funds. However, the following is the budget for those that do:

RECOMMENDATION 2—incentive grants to LEAS	\$750,000 per year—10 grants at \$75,000 per LEA
RECOMMENDATION 3 —funds to assist in the development and delivery of a Chinese distance learning program	\$1,000,000
RECOMMENDATION 4 —scholarships to encourage heritage language speakers to become foreign language teachers	\$50,000 per year \$2500 per year for 20 scholarships which could be renewed
RECOMMENDATION 4—assist foreign language teachers and future teachers to study in other countries	\$50,000 per year\$2500 for 20 teachers